EVALUATION GUIDELINE FOR TERMITE-RESISTANT FOAM PLASTICS

EG239

Effective November 1, 2003

PREFACE

Evaluation reports issued by ICC Evaluation Service, Inc. (ICC-ES), are based upon performance features of the International family of codes and other widely adopted code families, including the Uniform Codes, the BOCA National Codes, and the SBCCI Standard Codes. Section 104.11 of the International Building Code® reads as follows:

The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any materials or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code, provided that any such alternative has been approved. An alternative material, design or method of construction shall be approved where the building official finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provisions of this code, and that the material, method or work offered is, for the purpose intended, at least the equivalent of that prescribed in this code in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety.

Similar provisions are contained in the Uniform Codes, the National Codes, and the Standard Codes.

This document has been issued to provide all interested parties with guidelines for demonstrating compliance with performance features of the applicable code(s) referenced in the document. The guideline has been approved by the ICC-ES Evaluation Committee, and is effective on the date shown above. All reports issued or reissued on or after the effective date must comply with this guideline, while reports issued prior to this date may be in compliance with this guideline or with the previous edition. If the guideline is an updated version from the previous edition, a solid vertical line (|) in the margin within the guideline indicates a technical change, addition, or deletion from the previous edition. A deletion indicator (\(\checkmark\)) is provided in the margin where a paragraph has been deleted if the deletion involved a technical change. This guideline may be further revised as the need dictates.

ICC-ES may consider alternate guidelines, provided the report applicant submits valid data demonstrating that the alternate guidelines are at least equivalent to the guidelines set forth in this document, and otherwise demonstrate compliance with the performance features of the codes. Notwithstanding that a product, material, or type or method of construction meets the requirements of the guidelines set forth in this document, or that it can be demonstrated that valid alternate guidelines are equivalent to the guidelines in this document and otherwise demonstrate compliance with the performance features of the codes, ICC-ES retains the right to refuse to issue or renew an evaluation report, if the product, material, or type or method of construction is such that either unusual care with its installation or use must be exercised for satisfactory performance, or if malfunctioning is apt to cause unreasonable property damage or personal injury or sickness relative to the benefits to be achieved by the use of the product, material, or type or method of construction.
EVALUATION GUIDELINE FOR
TERMITE-RESISTANT FOAM PLASTICS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose: The purpose of this evaluation guideline is to establish requirements for termite-resistant foam plastics that are to be recognized in an ICC Evaluation Service, Inc. (ICC-ES), evaluation report under the 2000 International Building Code®, (IBC), the 2000 International Residential Code®, (IRC), the BOCA® National Building Code® 1999 (BNBC), the 1999 Standard Building Code®, the 1997 Uniform Building Code™ (UBC), and the 1998 International One- and Two-Family Dwelling Code® (I1&2). The bases of recognition are IBC Section 104.11 and IRC Section R104.11. Applicable code sections are IBC Section 2304.11 (Protection Against Decay and Termites), IRC Section R324.4 (Foam Plastic Protection), BNBC Section 2311.0 (Naturally Durable and Preservative-Treated Wood), SBC Section 2603.3 (Protection from Termite Damage), UBC Section 2306 (Decay and Termite Protection), and I1&2 Section 323.4 (Foam Plastic Protection).

1.2 Scope: The use of termite-resistant foam plastic insulation shall be permitted on the exterior face of foundation walls, under interior or exterior foundation walls or slab foundations below grade, or where located within 6 inches (152 mm) of exposed earth, in areas where the probability of termite infestation is “very heavy” as determined in accordance with IRC Figure R301.2(6) and SBC Figure 2304.1.4.

1.3 Codes and Reference Standards: Where standards are referenced in this guideline, these standards shall be applied consistently with the code upon which compliance is based.

1.3.1 Codes and Referenced Standards:


1.3.1.3 BOCA® National Building Code® 1999 (BNBC).

1.3.1.4 1999 Standard Building Code® (SBC).

1.3.1.5 1997 Uniform Building Code™ (UBC).


1.3.2 AWPA E7-93, Standard Method of Evaluating Wood Preservatives by Field Tests with Stakes, American Wood-Preservers’ Association.

1.3.3 AWPA P5-02, Standard for Waterborne Preservatives, American Wood-Preservers’ Association.

1.3.4 AWPA P18-00, Nonpressure Preservatives, American Wood-Preservers’ Association.

1.4 Definitions:

Termite-resistant Foam Plastic: Foam plastic insulations that are proprietary chemically, and that comply with the requirements in this guideline.

2.0 BASIC INFORMATION

2.1 General: The following information shall be submitted:

2.1.1 Product Description: Complete information concerning material specifications, thickness, standard sizes and the manufacturing process for the termite-resistant foam plastic insulation. The material specifications for the treatment chemical for the foam plastic shall be provided. The treatment chemical shall be listed in AWPA Standard P5 or P18.

2.1.2 Installation Instructions: Installation details and limitations, fastening methods, joint treatments.

2.1.3 Packaging and Identification: A description of the method of packaging and field identification of the termite-resistant foam plastic. Identification provisions must include the evaluation report number and the name or logo of the accredited inspection agency.

2.2 Testing Laboratories: Testing laboratories shall comply with Section 4.2 of the ICC-ES Rules of Procedure for Evaluation Reports.

2.3 Test Reports: Test reports shall comply with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Test Reports (AC85).

2.4 Product Sampling: Products shall be sampled in accordance with Section 3.0 of AC85.

3.0 TEST AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.1 General: Data to verify compliance with the ICC-ES Interim Criteria for Foam Plastic (AC12) shall be submitted.

3.2 Termite Resistance: Termite-resistant foam plastics shall be reviewed on the basis of field evaluation against termites. The field testing shall be in accordance with test methods for the evaluation of wood against termites. The testing shall account for each type and/or species of subterranean termites, e.g., Formosan.

4.0 TEST METHODS

The test method is AWPA E-7, “Standard Method of Evaluating Wood Preservatives by Field Tests with Stakes.” This method shall be modified to suit the intended application of the termite-resistant foam plastic.

4.1 Test Installation: The selected test method shall include the following minimum installation requirements:

4.1.1 The test assembly shall be designed to evaluate the specific type of application anticipated for the termite-resistant foam plastic, and shall be representative of the final installed product. The assemblies tested shall include the anticipated termite-resistant foam plastic along with control assemblies for comparison. The assemblies shall include the use of potential above-grade bait wood.

4.1.2 The assemblies shall be exposed to a minimum of three test plots.

4.1.3 There shall be a minimum of five replicates for each assembly type per test plot.

4.1.4 Each plot shall be determined suitable based upon evaluation of wood monitoring stakes that have been placed in a grid pattern set approximately 10 feet (3,048 mm) on center.

4.1.5 Assemblies shall be arranged in a randomized complete block design within the plots.

4.2 Inspections: The selected test method shall include the following minimum inspection requirements:

4.2.1 The test assemblies shall be inspected a minimum of once per year.
4.2.2 The monitoring stakes shall be inspected a minimum of once per year and replaced as necessary.

4.3 Conditions of Acceptance: After a minimum of 36 months, the test assemblies shall be evaluated for damage.

4.3.1 An analysis of damage to the monitoring stakes adjacent to test assemblies shall be completed to ensure that the assemblies have been subjected to a uniform termite exposure.

4.3.2 The assemblies shall be destructively evaluated for termite tunneling and damage to the foam plastic. The damage to the foam plastic shall be compared to control assemblies.

4.3.3 The acceptability of the foam plastic shall be determined on the basis of termite damage based upon statistical analysis. An analysis of variance shall be applied to the data with a suitable statistical method of separation. The termite-resistant foam plastic shall have no more than 5 percent damage. The results from control samples of untreated foam plastic shall be compared to the results for termite-resistant foam plastic.

4.3.4 A testing laboratory accredited for the evaluation of termite-resistance shall provide an analysis and interpretation of the results.

5.0 QUALITY CONTROL

5.1 The product shall be manufactured under an approved quality control program with inspections by an inspection agency accredited by the International Accreditation Service (IAS), Inc., or as otherwise acceptable to ICC-ES.

5.2 A quality control manual complying with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Quality Control Manuals (AC10) shall be submitted.

6.0 EVALUATION REPORT RECOGNITION

6.1 The termite-resistant foam plastic, in addition to meeting requirements of this guideline, shall comply with the ICC-ES Interim Criteria for Foam Plastic Insulation (AC12).

6.2 The termite-resistant foam plastic in compliance with this guideline shall be considered termite-resistant and shall not be restricted under Section 2603.3 of the SBC, Section R324.4 of the IRC or Section 323.4 of the I1&2.

6.3 The product shall be restricted from use where there is exposure to Formosan and other subterranean termites unless the test results specifically demonstrate resistance to Formosan termites and other subterranean termites.